

Bruges, Belgium

Recent Developments in the Colipa PT-SCAAT Eye Programme for Development of *In Vitro* Alternatives

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Eye Irritation Programme Portfolio







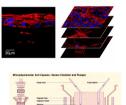
Method development/optimisation of existing models

 Focus on Human Reconstructed Tissue (HRT) Models

Integrated research projects

- In vitro corneal culture eye irritation assay
- Cell culture models for ocular toxicity studies
- Genomics project

Collaborative activities with external partners e.g. ECVAM, Academia





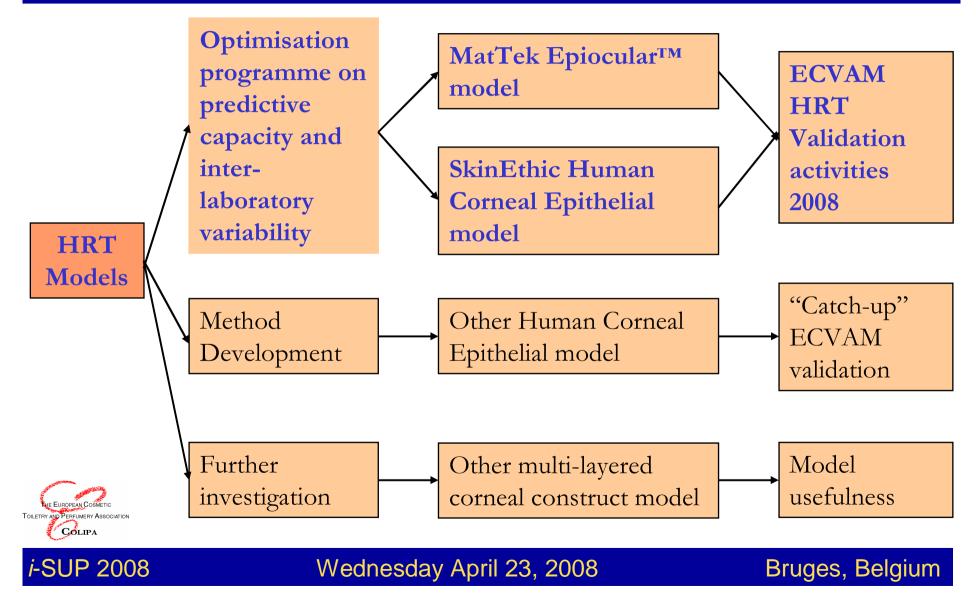


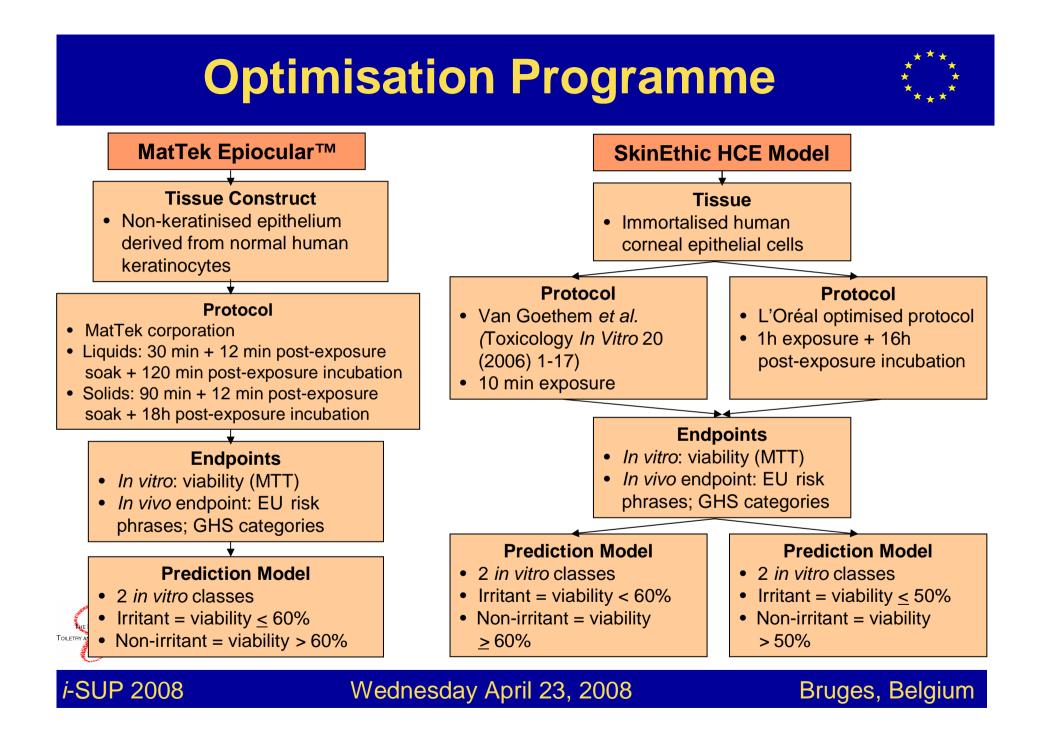
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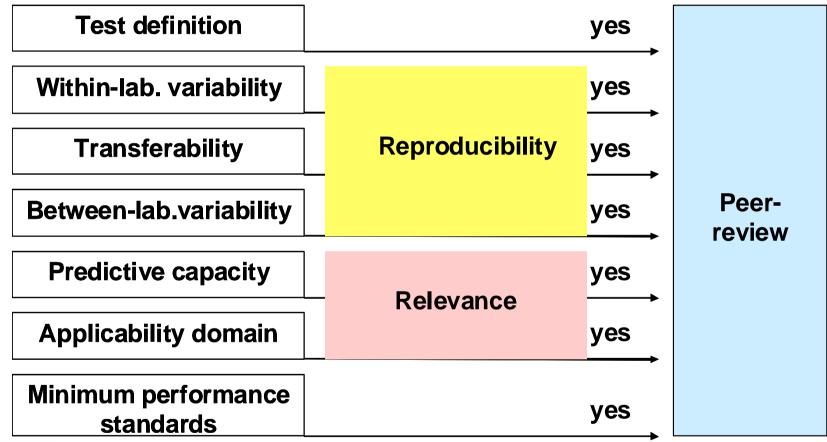
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Method Development/Optimisation of Current





ECVAM Modular Approach





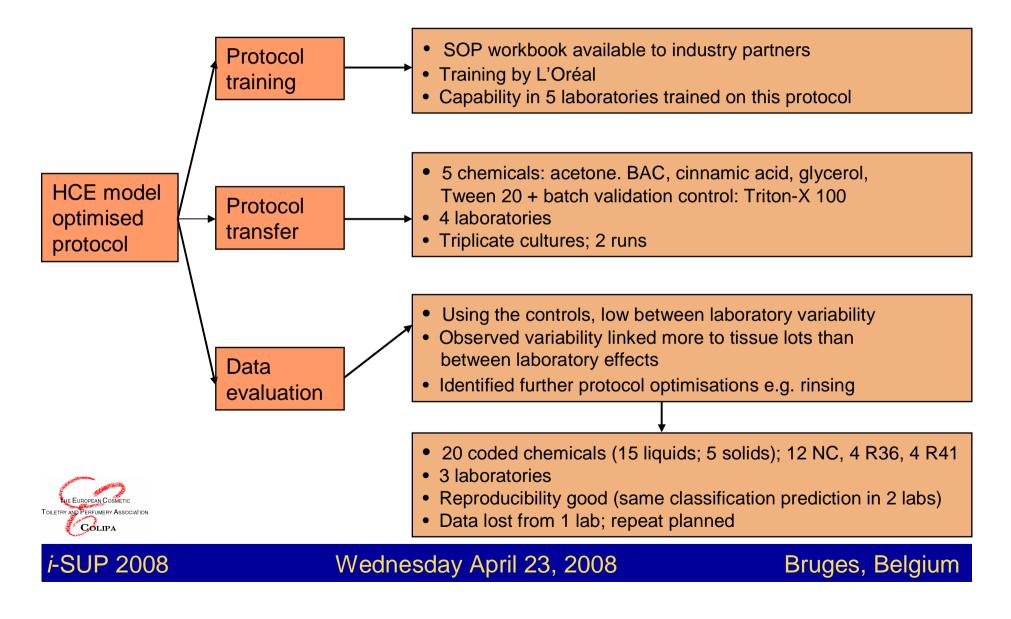
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Hartung et al. 2004. ATLA 32, 467-472

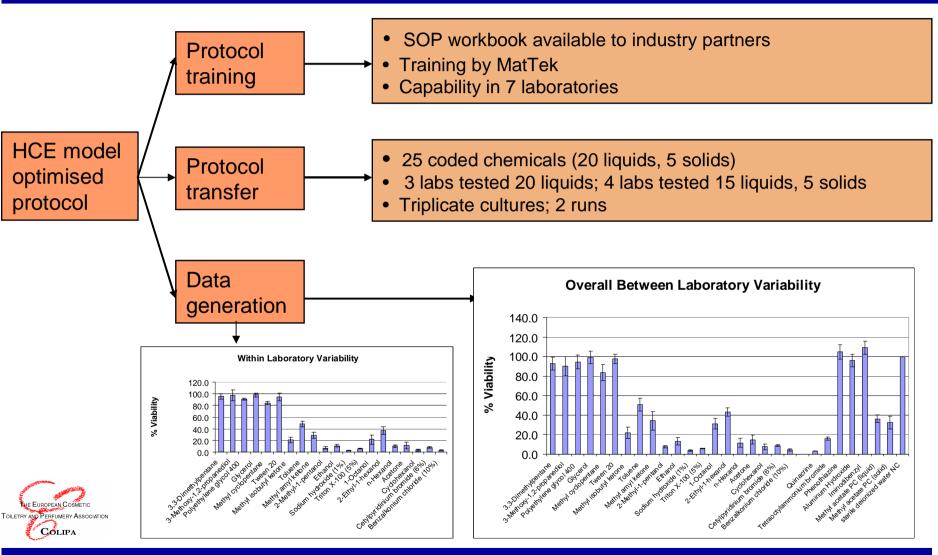
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Colipa Optimisation Programme Reproducibility: SkinEthic HCE



Colipa Optimisation Programme Reproducibility: MatTek EpiOcular[™]



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Colipa Optimisation Programme Predictive Capacity



- Majority of data derived from the model owners/producers
- Additional data generated
 - Chemicals of interest to industry
 - Gaps in chemical class
 - Under-represented chemical classes
 - Chemicals from a national validation organisation dataset
- Data demonstrate
 - Domain of Applicability is very important to effective understanding of predictive capacity
 - Availability of robust in vivo data is critical

Colipa reports of the industry optimisation programme for the HRT assays have been submitted to ECVAM in Feb/March 2008 for consideration to enter formal validation in 2008

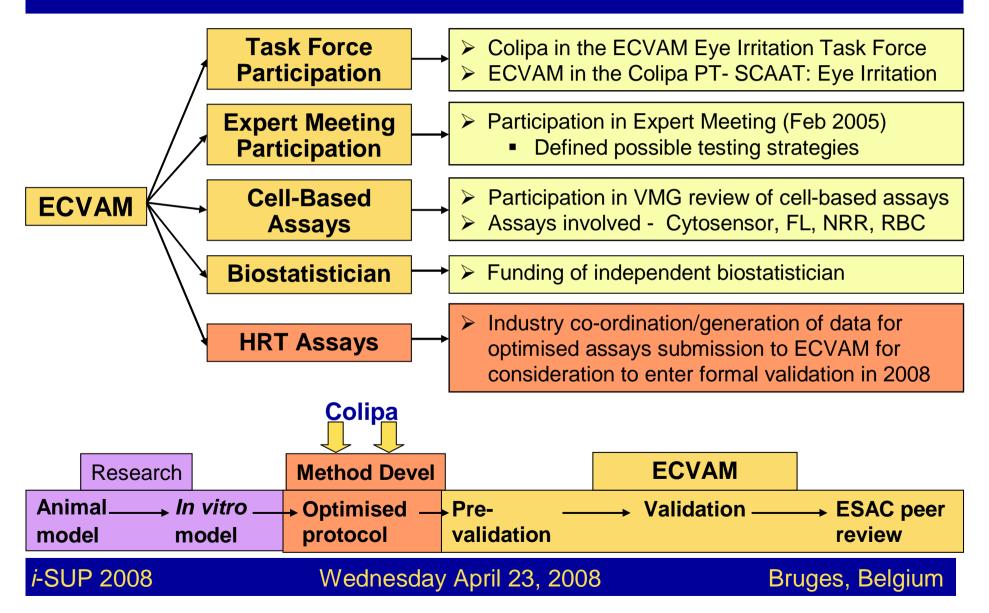


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External Collaborative Activities





Research Programme Approach



Experience From Earlier Validation Studies

6 major validation studies conducted between 1991-1997:

- ➢ EC/HO, COLIPA
- > BGA/BMBF
- > MHW/JCIA
- ➤ CTFA, IRAG

Mechanisms Workshops ↓ Colipa Workshop on Mechanisms of Eye

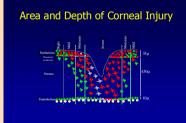
irritation - 1997

ECVAM workshop on Eye Irritation Testing: The Way Forward -1998

Mechanistically based and focused on the cornea

Basic Research

Mechanistic work (Maurer *et al*): area/depth of corneal injury are principal factors in early responses and eventual repair after accidental eye exposure



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Research Programme Objectives

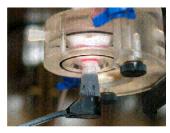


- Better understanding of cellular and molecular mechanisms of chemically induced eye irritation
- Identification of endpoints related to dynamics of injury and recovery
- Lead to new, appropriate *in vitro* endpoints, more predictive of *in vivo* response of human eye to irritants
- Development of prediction models for prevalidation of new and/or improved non-animal methods to proceed to formal validation

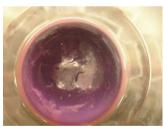


Research Programme: Project 1 In Vitro Corneal Culture Assay (Aachen)











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Purpose

- Develop in vitro model of excised corneas maintained in culture to allow observation of injury/recovery after chemical exposure
- Investigate whether kinetics/patterns of change in physiological function and signals of injury released from the perfused cornea *in vitro* can predict a chemicals potential to damage the eye - focus on recovery

Evaluation methods

- biomicroscopy, morphology, pachymetry and glucose/lactate turnover for system viability/stability
- LDH, cytokines (IL-1α, IL-2, IL-6 IL-8, MIP1), growth factors (FGF, VEGF) and morphology

Research Programme: Project 1 In Vitro Corneal Culture Assay (Aachen)









Outcome

- Developed new isolated perfused corneal culture model maintained in steady state culture conditions for a period of time
- Determined viability/stability of the isolated perfused corneal culture system morphologically and metabolically
- Defined the parameters to be used routinely to confirm system viability and stability
- Determined model suitability to investigate wound healing by mechanical abrasion
- Exposed the defined isolated perfused corneal system to model toxicants
- Identified possible endpoints for further development in models evaluating chemically induced eye injury



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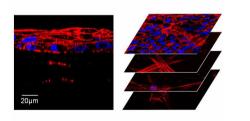


Research Programme: Project 2

The in vitro model

Purpose

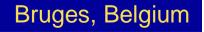
- Sequentially build 3-D human corneal constructs consisting of epithelium, stroma and endothelium to better understand underlying mechanisms of action
- Identify new endpoints for magnitude of injury/quality of repair in human corneal models to enable prediction of nature/severity of toxicant effects



Evaluation methods

- Light and confocal microscopy
- Characterization of surface markers/differentiation
- Barrier formation assessment
- Membrane damage
- Metabolic activity
- Profiling of cytokine secretion

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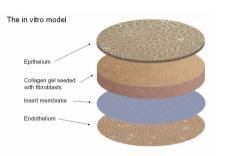


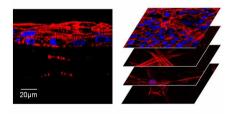


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Research Programme: Project 2

Outcome







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- Investigation and development of increasingly complex constructs (monolayer, stratified epithelia, stromal equivalents, 2 & 3 layers) using human corneal and conjunctival cell lines (culture conditions, growth characteristics and suitability for use in 3D constructs)
- Investigated physiological responses to ocular injury by evaluating responses to model toxicants in monolayers and increasingly complex constructs using different human corneal and conjunctival cell lines
- Preliminary evaluation of construction of a 3-layer model by the addition of an endothelium cell layer
- Availability of a 3-D, 2-layer bioengineered human corneal construct for further development and evaluation

Research Programme: Project 3 Genomics (Cardiff)

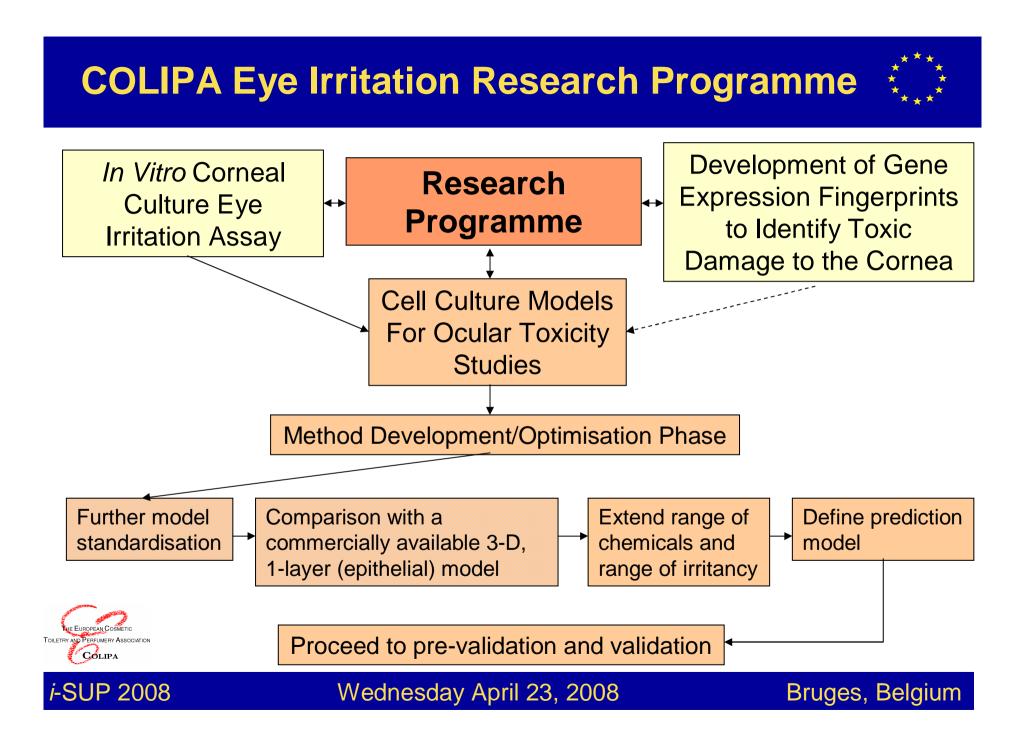


- Genomics Project (started in 2006)
 - Development of a gene fingerprint directory to identify chemicals toxic to a bioengineered human cornea
 - Proof of concept that generic chemicals will cause differential gene expression in human bioengineered corneas and commercially available Human Corneal Epithelial (HCE) models
- Need to expand the project
 - Further understanding of proof of principle
 - Value of a genomics approach to identify new endpoints for reapplication into newly developed and/or existing optimised in vitro models
- New project proposal currently under review



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Acknowledgements

PT-SCAAT Eye Irritation

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> Aachen

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