

# The applicability of in vitro projects for product safety assessment

experiences of the in vitro testing industrial platform IVTIP

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# What is IVTIP?

- IVTIP is a platform composed of companies with an active interest in *in vitro* testing
- Currently over 30 companies
  - small, medium and large enterprises
  - pharmaceutical, chemical, cosmetic, CROs or food industry
- IVTIP is an organization existing for and by the members. Members are scientists active in the area of *in vitro* and *in silico* (non-testing) methods.



# **Objectives of IVTIP?**

- Actively supporting and applying the 3R principle: Replacement, Reduction and Refinement.
- Promoting the fourth R: Responsibility in research promoted by industry.
- Actively promoting technology transfer between European researchers and industries.



# What are they doing to reach our goals?

- <u>Advise EC</u> institutions about activities and needs for alternative methods.
- <u>Inform industry</u> about upcoming EU activities and new regulations involving *in vitro* testing.
- Participate in EU projects, to stimulate applicability of methods for industrial use and actively <u>supporting</u> <u>knowledge transfer</u>.
- <u>Evaluation</u>, from an <u>industrial point of view</u>, of EU research projects to facilitate technology transfer to IVTIP members.

# IVTIP In Vitro Testing Industrial Platform

# FP6/7 EU projects in which IVTIP is involved

- ReProTect: leader <u>Workpackage 7 Technology and</u> <u>information scout</u>
- Sens-it-iv: member of Workpackage 9 Dissemination of information and technology transfer
- LINTOP: Steering committee
- ESNATS: Steering committee



## What are demands of industry?

- Scientifically justified methods; results obtained with in vitro methods should be relevant and predictive to <u>humans</u>.
- Results should be reliable, reproducible, unequivocal, methods should be robust, relatively simple and cost effective.
- Preferably <u>regulatory accepted</u> methods. However current process of validation is slow, it is acceptable if <u>applicability</u> for certain compounds is <u>demonstrated</u>.



### When is industry using *in vitro/in silico* tests?

- Safety assessment
  - Regulatory accepted assays (few) and in-house methods (hundreds).
  - Different end points (sometimes industry specific), using different combinations of cells, tissues and compounds.



When is industry using *in vitro/in silico* tests?

- Discovery and development of new compounds and products.
  - The *in vitro/in silico* tests are used for different purposes, e.g. to define biological activity, structural alerts, working mechanisms
  - Focusing on making go/no-go decisions regarding further development or maintenance of compounds.

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#### What will be the challenges for the future?

- The quality of *in vitro/in silico* data should be improved (reduce false positives)
  - using human tissue
  - target organ specific models
  - increasing the number of end-points/time-points
- <u>Testing of new types of materials</u>, such as those derived from the nanotechnologies and biologicals.
- Testing under long-term conditions; testing at low (physiologically relevant) doses

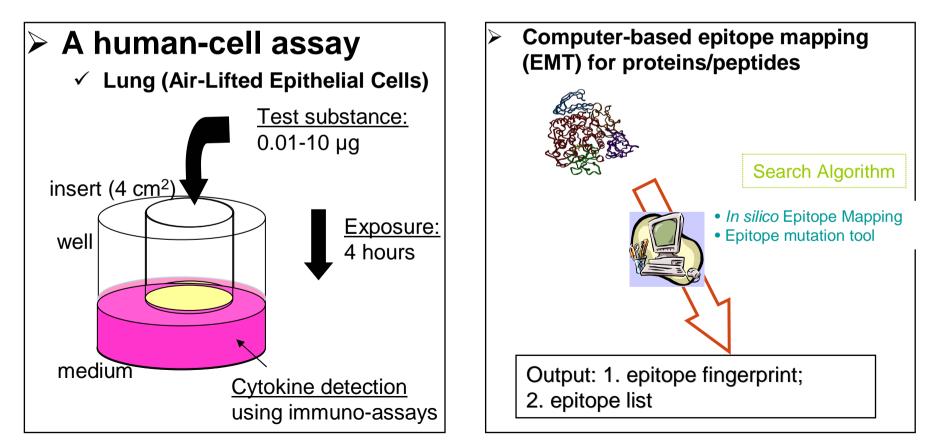


# **Examples from industry**

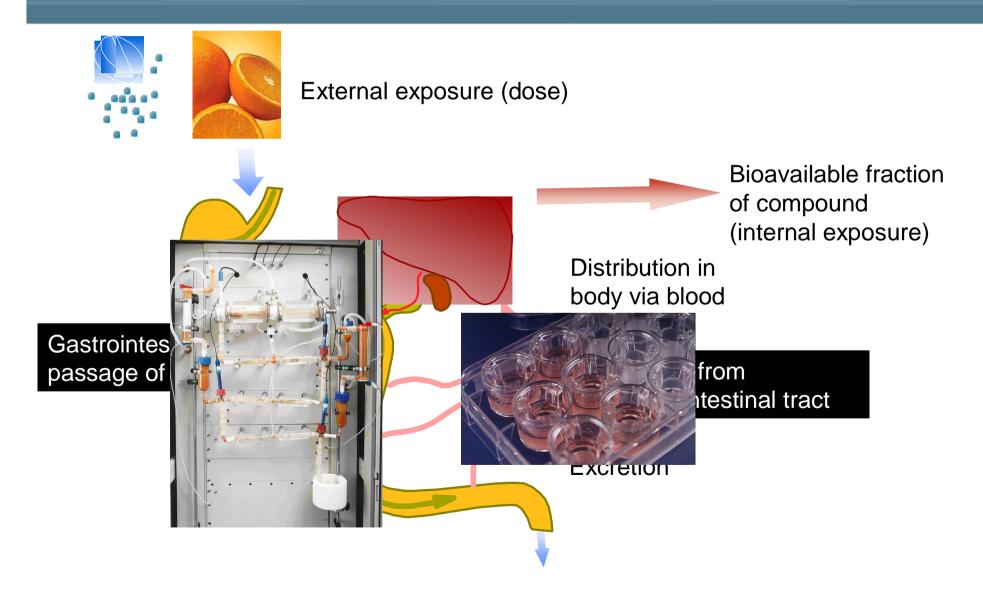
- 1. Immunotoxicity (Novozymes) Target organ Human cells
- 2. Prediction bioavailability (TNO) Integration in vitro and in silico methods



#### New tools for (immuno)toxicology – example from Novozymes A/S

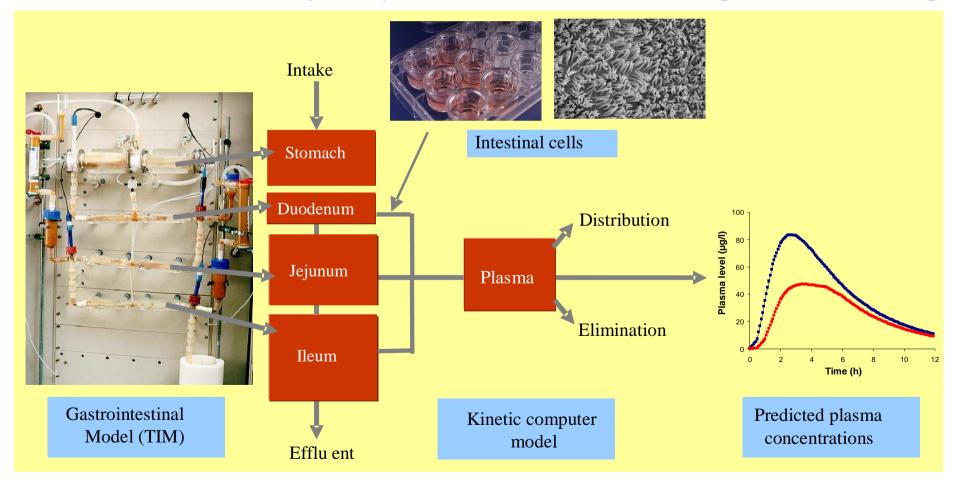


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#### Prediction of bioavailability and plasma concentrations using kinetic modeling





#### What do we need for the future?

- Integration in silico, in vitro, in vivo and human data to increase the predictivity and improve extrapolation to the human situation.
- <u>Integrated testing strategies</u> will be challenging because of its complexity. Single replacement is usually not possible.
- <u>Involve regulatory bodies</u> in early development of new methods, to increase the possibilities for successful implementation and to fasten acceptability, to meet the requirements of new regulations (REACH – Cosmetic Directive).



# What should be explained in the future?

- New ways of risk evaluation are needed, including risk - communication and management and perception of general public.
- 100% safe  $\neq$  possible



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Executive secretary: Bart de Wever



Board members

Novozymes, Neuropharma, L'Oreal, Procter & Gamble, Phenion and TNO

> For more information look at our (new)website www.IVTIP.org