### **Implementing a Spatial Decision Support System for Puerto Rico: The Political Process**

Brugge, Belgium

**April 2008** 

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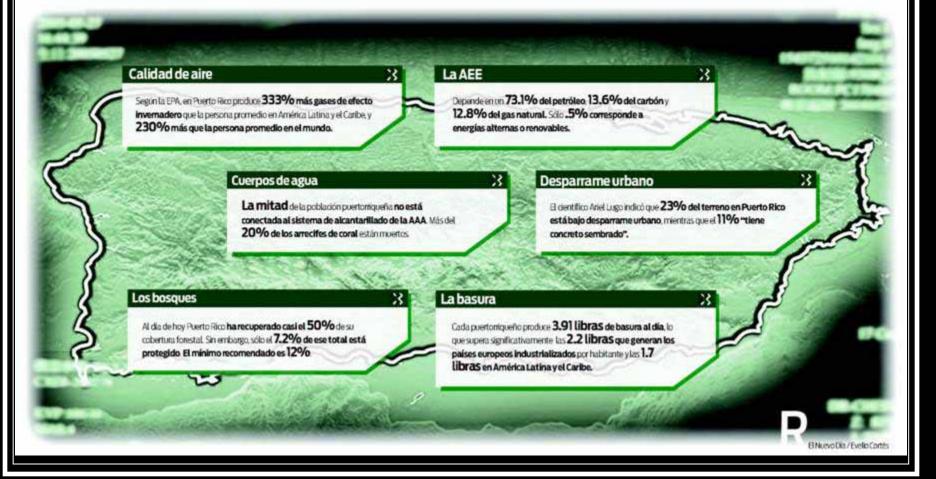
### Puerto Rico: Some Key Facts

Puerto Rico is a densely populated Caribbean archipelago that transformed itself in 50 years from a very poor rural to an industrial urbanized society.

- Industrialization was a relatively successful strategy to lift the island from poverty.
- Urbanization and land use has been a planning failure.



# Indicators of Environmental Stress



### What is Xplorah

- A state of the arts SDSS tailor-made for the Integrated Assessment of Socio-economic and Environmental Spatial Policies.
- With simulation capabilities that produce future likely land-use patterns consistent with userdefined scenarios developing into the future.
- A tool to support strategic thinking and evaluation of alternative policies under different sets of circumstances.

### **Objectives and State of the Art**

Xplorah was planned to evolve into a SDSS for the Integrated Assessment of Socio-economic and Environmental Spatial Policies:

- Autonomous developments (dynamics) of the system;
- Current and future effects of policies;
- Evaluation of alternative policies.

### The Development Process

The GSP commissioned the development of Xplorah to RIKS in 2001 with support from:

The Office of the President of the University of Puerto Rico; and

 Public Policy Research Center of the Rafael Hernández Colón Foundation (RHCF);

First prototype available March 2002;

### Xplorah's Building Blocks

- The core element is the Constrained Cellular Automata model of White, Engelen and Uljee, representing the Puerto Rican archipelago at 4 geographical levels:
  - 3 Islands
  - 78 Municipios
  - 100 Transport Zones and
  - 225,000 Cellular Entities of 6.25ha each.
- Demographic and economic systems integrated by means of linked dynamic models that jointly determine land use patterns over time.

Resistance met:

- Development and implementation of the Xplorah SDSS met resistance at the institutional level reflecting:
- The political nature of land use policies.
- The very limited role traditionally played by sophisticated tools for policy making and planning.

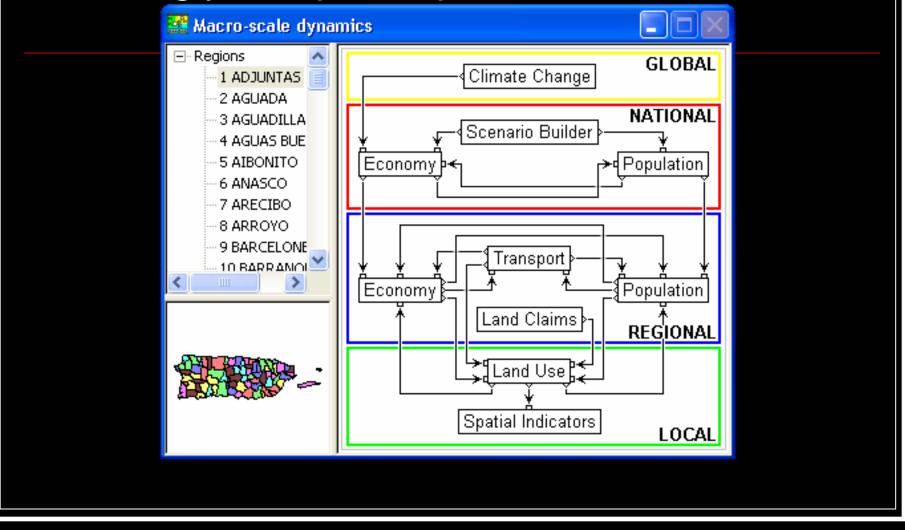
### Strategy Followed to Gain Support From Potential Users

- Integrate existing models being used in uncoupled and unrelated modes, with new models of special interest:
  - Demographic
  - Input-output
  - Macroeconomic and sector
  - Housing supply / demand
  - Transportation
  - Climate

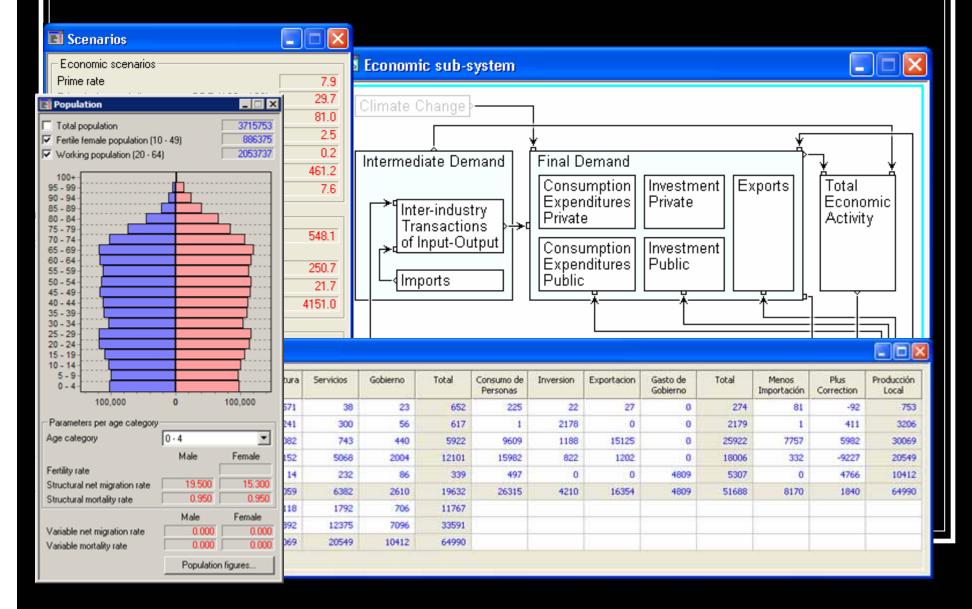
### Major Enhancements Linked to Land Use Make Xplorah Unique

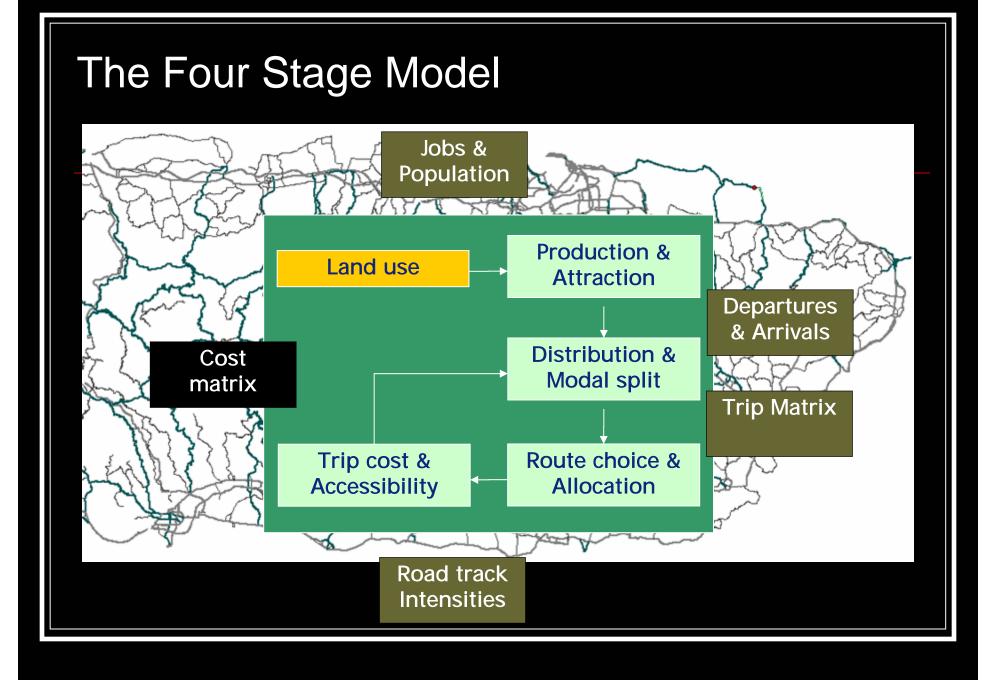
- An age-cohort demographic model;
- Macroeconomic model (39 equations)
  - Final Demand and Housing Forecaster
  - Input-output Matrix (92 sectors);
- A 4 stage transportation model;
- Regional models that distribute national aggregates;
- A Cellular Automata Land Use Model acting at the local level

# The User Interface Illustrates Processes at 4 Strongly Coupled Spatial Levels

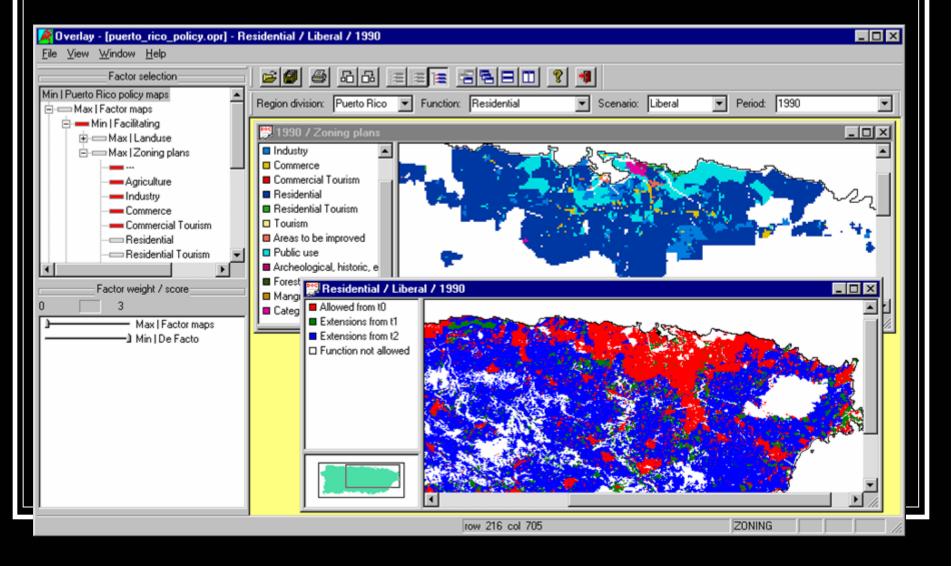


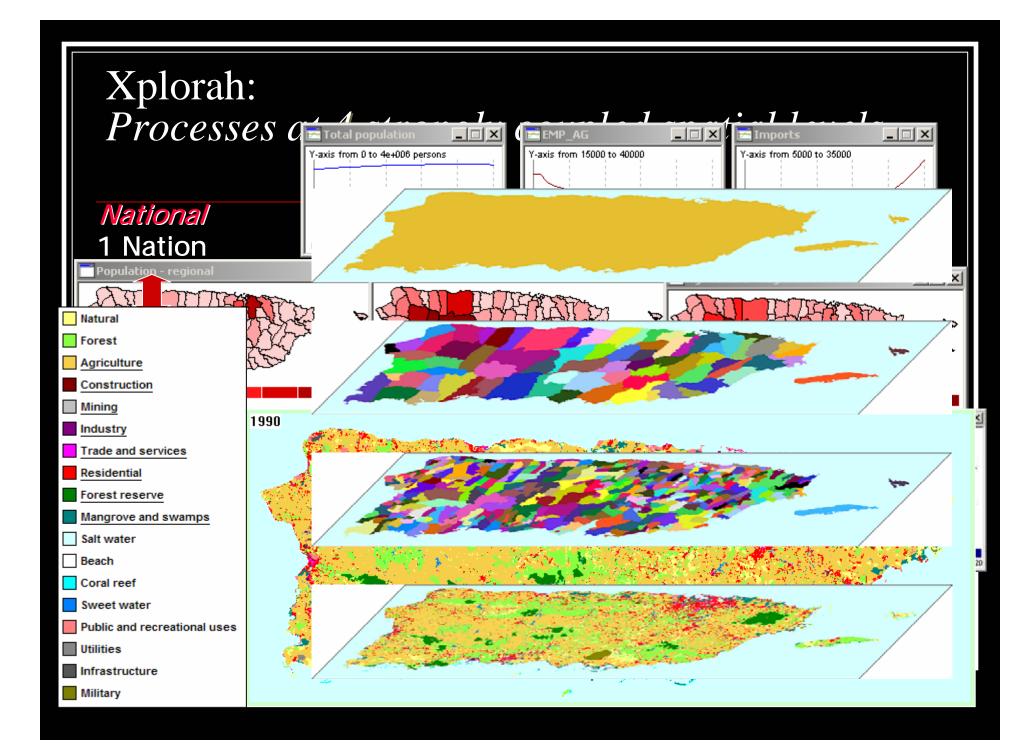
### National Economics & Demographics

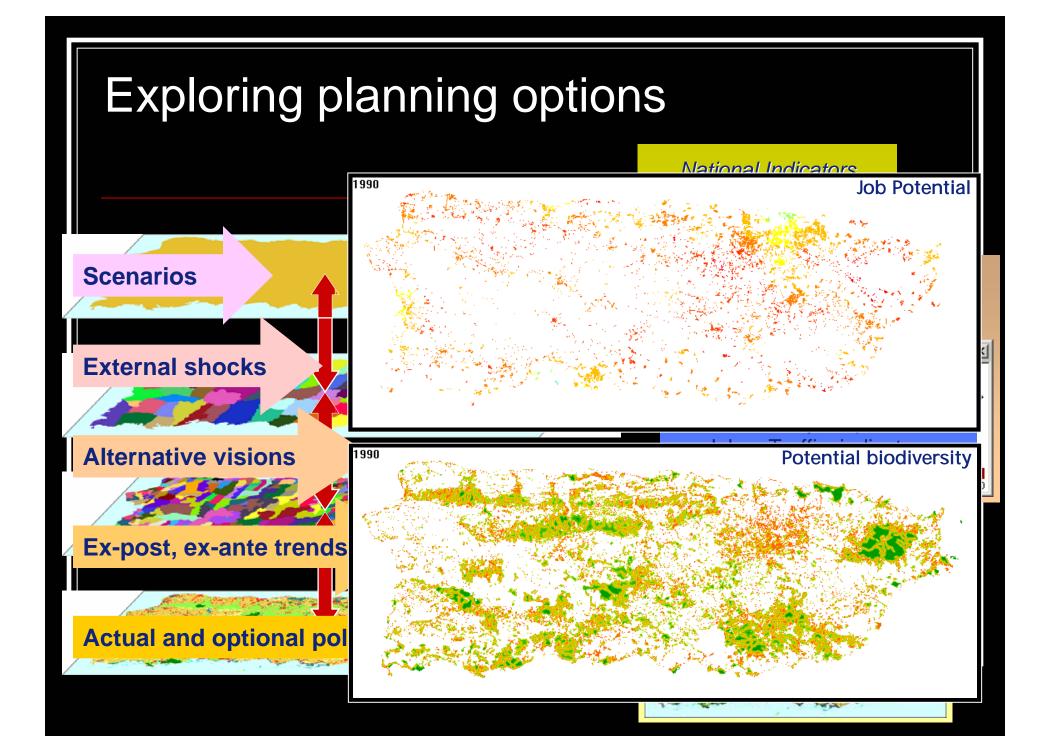




#### The political dimension is incorporated through: Suitability & Zoning restriction maps (PUT)







### The Political Process

- An Intensive effort to obtain acceptance and public funding necessary for development and implementation was launched from the start...
- After a dozen depositions to House and Senate Committees...

## First Major Success

On February 2003, a Joint Resolution, approved unanimously by the House of Representatives and the Senate, was signed into law by then Governor Sila María Calderón to partially fund and support the development of Xplorah.

# **The Stumbling Rock**

- The House and Senate unanimously voted R.C. de la C. 4666 to extend funding for Xplorah's development, but;
- Separately, order the Puerto Rico Planning Board (PRPB) to prepare a land use plan (PUT) with no funding!
- Xplorah and the PUT became competing projects!

### Planning system yank

Planners left dumbfounded

# Then...the Traged

in doubt the future of the most innovative urban planning model in the history of Puerto Rico, Elías Gutiérrez, dean of the Graduate School of Planning at the Masstricht and the Research for In Systems (RIKS) in The Netherlands. Betsy Asencio of the Legal Affairs Of

elections, had the dean in a cynical m Tropimar Beach Club in Isla Verde, wh ing celebrating the 50th anniversar

**R.C. de la** 

is Vet

with since we arrived at the Legislature, and I believe it's the most important [project] in the hands of the Government of Puerto Rico, which is to restructure its planning system," he said then.

The project's early initiatives may be known to mature computer programmers. Basically, Gutiérrez said, Xplorah is the 21st Century model for "The Game of Life," a game of squares played by programmers in the mid to late '70s when microprocessors surfaced.

Today's version has a purpose, as well as 225,000 cells in a 250 by 250 meter map,

"You can, for example, add to the map the proposed routes of the Urban Train to Caguas, or the affect of the construction at Isla Grande on the metropolitan area,"he said.

"Everybody is talking about what will happen with Ceiba,

A similar Xplorah model which in tures is being implemented by the Eu lations in 500 European cities. I Mediterranean coast of Spain and agri where excessive irrigation exploited st pushed the development of this project

A legislative economic consultant c more dejected than cynical on Thurs cratic and egotistical public environm "It was a money issue but it also had of the Planning Board and other a requesting anonymity.

"In this country we still think we individually and not in macro terms. There are a couple of agencies wl

#### Viewpoint Saturday, Gecomber 11, 2004

Editorial

# The mystery pocket veto

N ow we are confronted with the Mystery of the Great Pocket Veto. Amidst the hullabaloo of the great election controversy, there occurred very quietly Gov. Calderón's pocket veto of a legislative resolution that would, according to an array of planning and development enthusiasts, revolutionize Puerto Rico's planning, thrusting it into the modern era of advanced technology.

Chief proponent of the change, Elías Gutiérrez, dean of the Graduate School of Planning at the University of Puerto Rico, said the resolution would have appropriated final funding for a computerized model designed for use as an analytical planning tool.

The model, named Xplorah, was devised by UPR in conjunction with the University of Masstricht and the Research Institute for Knowledge Systems in The Netherlands. It was stopped short when the governor apparently decided the \$350,000 closing cost was more needed elsewhere.

Betsy Asencio of La Fortaleza's Legal Affairs Office said, "It was a good initiative. The money was available, but it was needed for urgent services that were not expected."

The Legislature had been solidly in back of the project, having provided an initial \$350,000 to go with \$125,000 from UPR, assigned by former president Norman Maldonado.

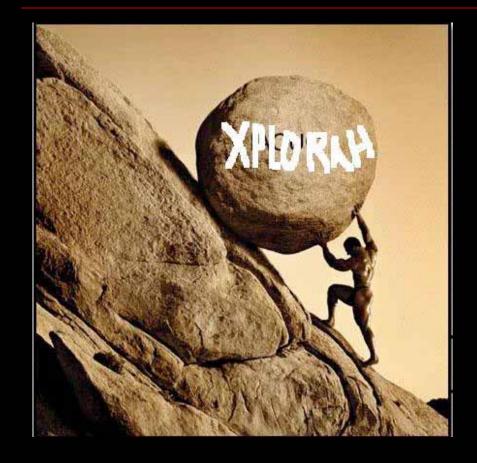
House Vice President Ferdinand Pérez of the Popular Democratic Party and author of the resolution, said in March that, "This is perhaps the most important thing we've worked with since we arrived at the Legislature, and I believe it's the most important [project] in the hands of the government of Puerto Rico — to restructure its planning system."

Why would something so promising of modernizing Puerto Rico's bureaucratic, dismally inefficient planning system be mothballed for lack of \$350,000? Calderón does not have to explain reasons for pocket vetoes, but in this instance one is certainly called for.

In any event, the new session of the Legislature opening in January should make a review of this situation a priority.



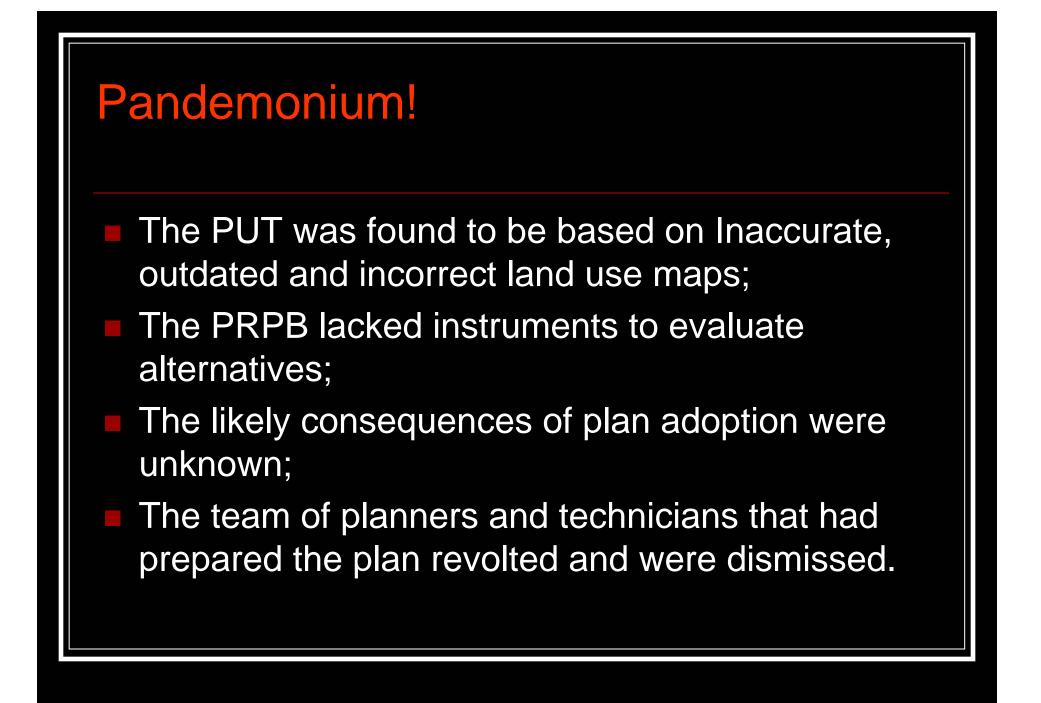
# So...





# In the mean time the politics of land use intensified

- The absence and need for an SDSS became clear.
- The technical and political process came to a boiling point in 2006 with the publication by the PRPB of a draft of the first land use plan (PUT) ever attempted for the island.





### A technical problem transformed into a political time bomb.

# Need for Xplorah Gains Political Support!

An Updated Land Use Map Become a Political Necessity

The Need for Xplorah Gained Political Support!

# Enter the The Governor's Advisory Board on Urbanism

"...to plan, Xplorah is needed, and Xplorah requires reliable data..."



## "Puerto Rico needs a plan...

...but, how can we plan if you don't even know what's on the ground?"

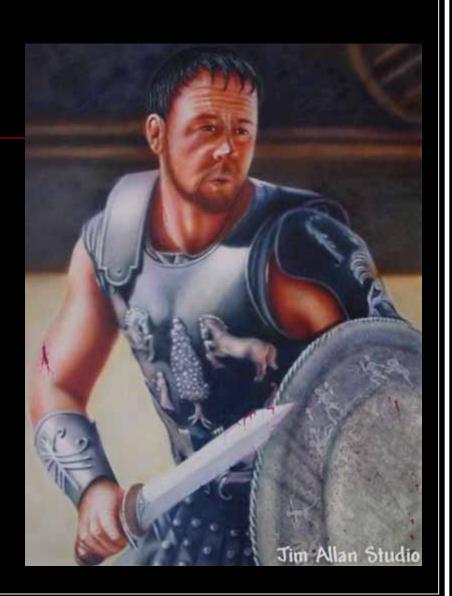
# Then, fiscal crisis strikes:

On May 1st 2006 the government of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico shuts down for the first time in history after running out of cash to pay the wage bill.



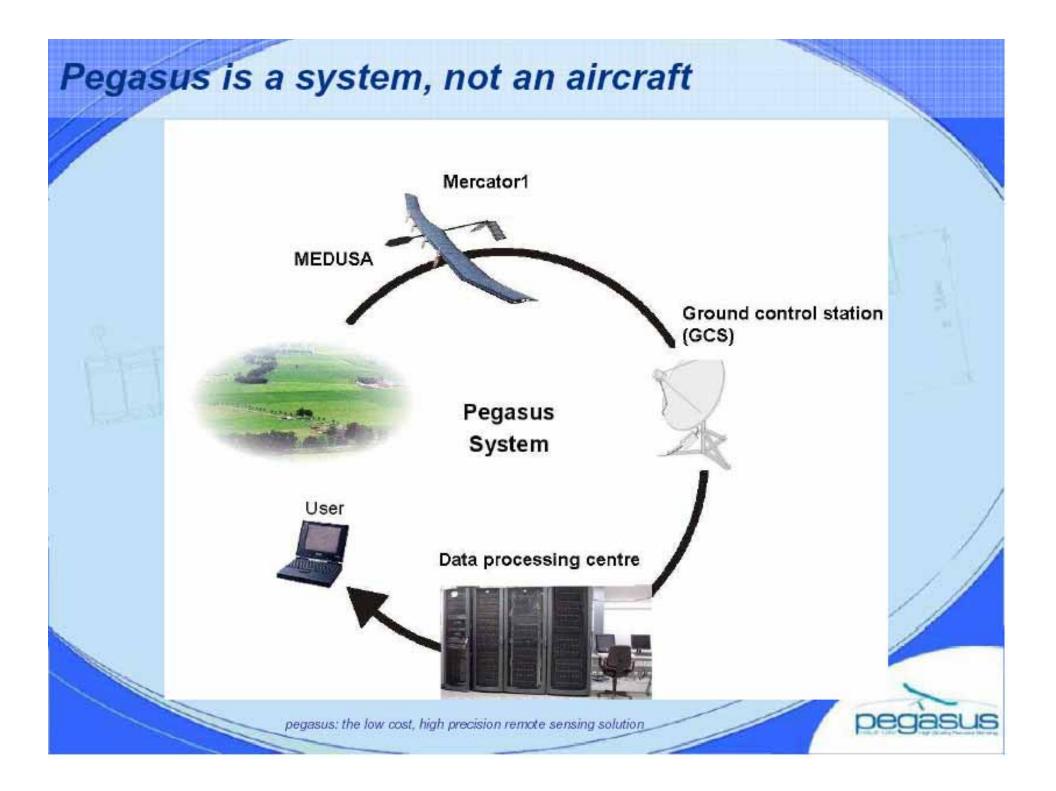
Implementing Xplorah requires production of adequate land use maps at affordable cost

# An Unexpected Technological Solution Enters the Arena



### Pegasus: UAV-HALE Remote Sensing Platform



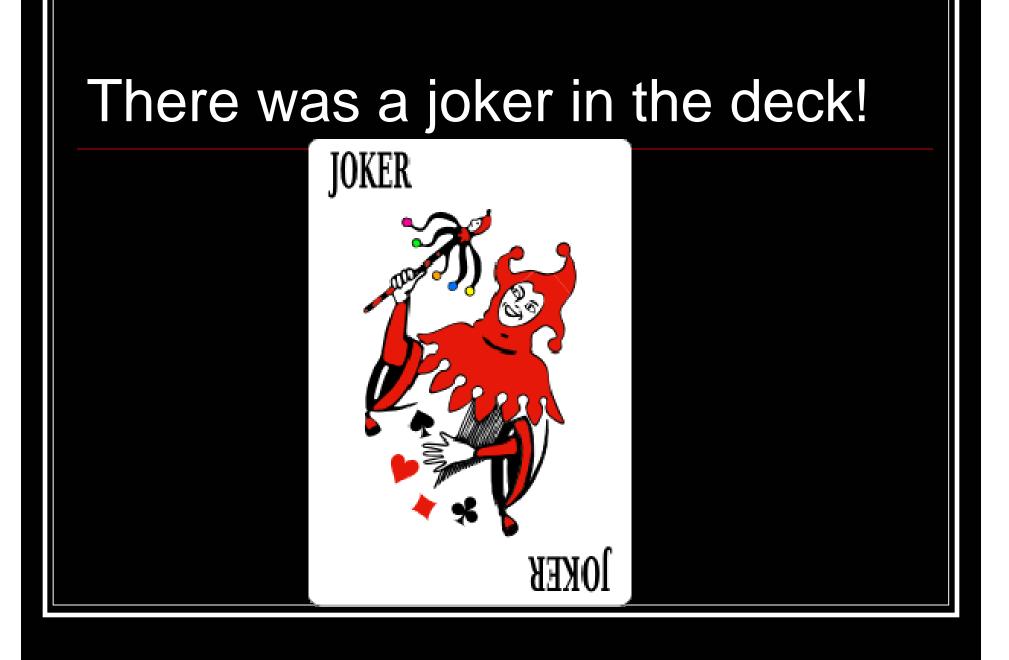


# The Inevitable Result...



## But, wait...





# Politics again...

In December 2006 the New Progressive Party (NPP) that controls the Legislature, blocked a \$500 million GO bond issue that, among other infrastructure projects, would have funded the implementation of Xplorah.

The battle was afoot once more!

# Finally...

In December 2007 the contracts were signed and the project's implementation starting in January 2008 and programmed to extend for 30 months.

